TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RESOLUTION TO ADOPT 2025 BUDGET

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors (the "**Board**") of Timbers Metropolitan District (the "**District**") has appointed a budget committee to prepare and submit a proposed 2025 budget to the Board at the proper time; and

WHEREAS, such budget committee has submitted the proposed budget to the Board on or before October 15, 2024 for its consideration; and

WHEREAS, upon due and proper notice, published in accordance with law, the budget was open for inspection by the public at a designated place, and a public hearing was held on November 12, 2024, and interested electors were given the opportunity to file or register any objections to the budget; and

WHEREAS, the budget has been prepared to comply with all terms, limitations and exemptions, including, but not limited to, enterprise, reserve transfer and expenditure exemptions, under Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution ("**TABOR**") and other laws or obligations which are applicable to or binding upon the District; and

WHEREAS, whatever decreases may have been made in the revenues, like decreases were made to the expenditures so that the budget remains in balance, as required by law.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of Timbers Metropolitan District:

1. That estimated expenditures for each fund are as follows:

General Fund:	\$ 60,912
Debt Service Fund:	<u>\$389,385</u>
Total:	\$450,297

2. That estimated revenues are as follows:

General Fund	
From sources other than general property tax:	\$ 6,117
From general property tax:	<u>\$87,404</u>
Total:	\$93 <i>,</i> 521
Debt Service Fund	
From sources other than general property tax:	\$ 30,590
From general property tax:	<u>\$437,018</u>
Total:	\$467,608

- 3. That the budget, as submitted, amended and herein summarized by fund, be, and the same hereby is, approved and adopted as the budget of the District for the 2025 fiscal year.
- 4. That the budget, as hereby approved and adopted, shall be certified by the Treasurer and/or President of the District to all appropriate agencies and is made a part of the public records of the District.

TO SET MILL LEVIES

WHEREAS, the amount of money from property taxes necessary to balance the budget for general operating expenses is \$87,404; and

WHEREAS, the amount of money necessary to balance the budget for debt service expenses is \$437,018; and

WHEREAS, the 2024 valuation for assessment of the District, as certified by the County Assessor, is \$17,480,710.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of Timbers Metropolitan District:

- That for the purpose of meeting all general operating expenses of the District during the 2025 budget year, there is hereby levied a property tax, inclusive of the mill levy for refunds and abatements, of 5 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District to raise \$87,404.
- 2. That for the purpose of meeting all debt service expenses of the District during the 2025 budget year, there is hereby levied a property tax of 25 mills upon each dollar of the total valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the District to raise \$437,018.
- 3. That the Treasurer and/or President of the District is hereby authorized and directed to immediately certify to the County Commissioners of Douglas County, Colorado, the mill levies for the District as hereinabove determined and set, or as adjusted, if necessary, upon receipt of the final (December) certification of valuation from the county assessor in order to comply with any applicable revenue and other budgetary limits.

TO APPROPRIATE SUMS OF MONEY

WHEREAS, the Board has made provision in the budget for revenues in an amount equal to the total proposed expenditures as set forth therein; and

WHEREAS, it is not only required by law, but also necessary to appropriate the revenues provided in the budget to and for the purposes described below, as more fully set forth in the budget, including any inter- fund transfers listed therein, so as not to impair the operations of District.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Directors of the Timbers Metropolitan District that the following sums are hereby appropriated from the revenues of each fund, to each fund, for the purposes stated in the budget:

General Fund:	\$ 60,912
Debt Service Fund:	<u>\$389,385</u>
Total:	\$450,297

Adopted this 12th day of November 2024.

TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

Matthew Maher

Matthew Maher, Chair

Attest:

-DocuSigned by: Michael Carroll

Michael Carroll, Secretary/Treasurer

TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT 2025 Budget Message

The Timbers Metropolitan District ("**District**") was organized on November 15, 2016, as a quasimunicipal corporation of the State of Colorado. The District operates pursuant to a service plan approved by Douglas County Commissioners (Service Plan). The District was established for the purpose of providing the public improvements and services for the benefit of all inhabitants and taxpayers of the District. The District's primary source of revenue is property taxes. The District is governed by an elected board of directors.

The District has no employees and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other District organization nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The 2024 assessed valuation, as certified by Douglas County, Colorado, is \$17,480,710.

General Fund

The District imposed a General Fund mill levy of 5.000 mills, generating \$87,404 in revenue. Additional revenues include Specific Ownership Tax and interest income.

Debt Service Fund

In addition, the District imposed a mill levy of 25.000 mills, generating \$437,018 in revenue. The debt service mill levy is pledged to pay the 2018 GO Limited Tax Bonds.

TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND 2025 ADOPTED BUDGET WITH 2023 ACTUAL AND 2024 ESTIMATED AMOUNTS

	2023 Actual		2024 Estimated		2025 Adopted	
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$	60,923	\$	86,846	\$	87,404
Specific ownership taxes		5,650		6,078		6,117
Interest		119		120		-
Total revenues		66,692		93,044	·	93,521
EXPENDITURES						
ADA compliance & website		-		3,500		4,500
Audit		7,000		2,750		3,000
Contingency		576		-		5,000
Dues and subscriptions		-		312		325
Insurance		-		2,076		2,076
Legal		10,120		3,500		8,000
Management and accounting		17,706		35,000		35,000
Treasurer's fees		915		1,310		1,311
Emergency reserve		-		1,700		1,700
Total expenditures		36,317		50,148		60,912
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		30,375		42,896		32,609
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		47,259		77,634		120,530
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	77,634	\$	120,530	\$	153,139

TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND 2024 PROPOSED BUDGET WITH 2023 ACTUAL AND 2024 ESTIMATED AMOUNTS

	2023 Actual	E	2024 stimated	Å	2025 Adopted
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 304,543	\$	436,104	\$	437,018
Specific ownership taxes	28,242		30,395		30,590
Interest	596		598		-
Total revenues	 333,381		467,097	·	467,608
EXPENDITURES					
County treasurer fees	4,577		6,575		6,555
NBH Loan Principal	120,000		125,000		130,000
NBH Loan Interest	260,093		257,705		252,830
Total expenditures	 384,670		389,280		389,385
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(51,289)		77,817		78,223
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	 127,116		75,827		153,644
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 75,827	\$	153,644	\$	231,867

County Tax Entity Co	DIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES	dola lgid/sid) OL Gov	vernments
TO: County Co	mmissioners ¹ of DOUGLAS COUNTY	,		, Colorado.
On behalf of th	e <u>TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRI</u>			,
th	e BOARD OF DIRECTORS	(taxing entity) ^A		
ui		(governing body) ^B		
of th	e <u>TIMBERS METROPOLITAN DISTRI</u>			
	((local government) ^C		
	nst the taxing entity's GROSS	480,710 assessed valuation, Line 2 of	the Certificatio	on of Valuation Form DLG 57 ^E)
Note: If the assesso (AV) different than Increment Financing	or certified a NET assessed valuation the GROSS AV due to a Tax g (TIF) Area ^F the tax levies must be \$			
property tax revenue			FIFICATIN OF	on of Valuation Form DLG 57) 7 VALUATION PROVIDED DECEMBER 10
Submitted: (not later than Dec. 15)		or budget/fiscal year		<u>025</u>
PURPOSE	(see end notes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²		REVENUE²
1. General Ope	erating Expenses ^H	5.000	mills	\$ 87,404
	emporary General Property Tax Credit/ Mill Levy Rate Reduction ^I	< >	mills	<u>\$< ></u>
SUBTOT	TAL FOR GENERAL OPERATING:	5.000	mills	\$ 87,404
3. General Obl	igation Bonds and Interest ^J	25.000	mills	\$ 437,018
4. Contractual	Obligations ^k		mills	\$
5. Capital Expe	enditures ^L		mills	\$
6. Refunds/Aba	atements ^M		mills	\$
7. Other ^N (spec	cify):		mills	\$
			mills	\$
	TOTAL: Sum of General Operating Subtotal and Lines 3 to 7	30.000	mills	\$ 524,422
Contact person: (print)	Sue Blair, CRS of Colorado, LLC	Daytime phone: <u>303-3</u>	81-4960	
Signed:	Jue Blan		ict Manag	er

Include one copy of this tax entity's completed form when filing the local government's budget by January 31st, per 29-1-113 C.R.S., with the Division of Local Government (DLG). Room 521, 1313 Sherman Street, Denver, CO 80203. Questions? Call DLG at (303) 864-7720.

If the taxing entity's boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution. ² Levies must be rounded to <u>three</u> decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>final</u> certification of valuation).

DOLA LGID/SID _____/ CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES, continued <u>TIMBERS GULCH METROPOLITAN DISTRICT</u>

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO TITLE 32, ARTICLE 1 SPECIAL DISTRICTS THAT LEVY TAXES FOR PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (32-1-1603 C.R.S.). Taxing entities that are Special Districts or Subdistricts of Special Districts must certify separate mill levies and revenues to the Board of County Commissioners, one each for the funding requirements of each debt (32-1-1603, C.R.S.) Use additional pages as necessary. The Special District's or Subdistrict's total levies for general obligation bonds and total levies for contractual obligations should be recorded on Page 1, Lines 3 and 4 respectively.

CERTIFY A SEPARATE MILL LEVY FOR EACH BOND OR CONTRACT:

BONDS^J:

1.	Purpose of Issue:	Senior Limited Tax GO Bonds
	Series:	2018A and 2018B
	Date of Issue:	9/24/2018
	Coupon Rate:	2018A – 5%, 2018B 7%
	Maturity Date:	2053-12-1
	Levy:	25.000
	Revenue:	\$437,018

2.	Purpose of Issue:			
	Series:			
	Date of Issue:			
	Coupon Rate:			
	Maturity Date:			
	-			
	Levy: Revenue:			

CONTRACTS^K:

·		
3.	Purpose of Contract:	-
	Title:	_
	Date:	_
	Principal Amount:	-
	Maturity Date:	-
	Levy:	-
	Revenue:	
4.	Purpose of Contract:	
	Title:	
	Date:	
	Principal Amount:	
	Maturity Date:	
	Levy:	
	Revenue:	

Use multiple copies of this page as necessary to report all bond and contractual obligations.

Notes:

^A **Taxing Entity**—A jurisdiction authorized by law to impose ad valorem property taxes on taxable property located within its territorial limits (please see notes B, C, and H below). For purposes of the DLG 70 only, a *taxing entity* is also a geographic area formerly located within a *taxing entity* 's boundaries for which the county assessor certifies a valuation for assessment and which is responsible for payment of its share until retirement of financial obligations incurred by the *taxing entity* when the area was part of the *taxing entity*. For example: an area of excluded property formerly within a special district with outstanding general obligation debt at the time of the exclusion or the area located within the former boundaries of a dissolved district whose outstanding general obligation debt service is administered by another local government

^B Governing Body—The board of county commissioners, the city council, the board of trustees, the board of directors, or the board of any other entity that is responsible for the certification of the *taxing entity*'s mill levy. For example: the board of county commissioners is the governing board <u>ex officio</u> of a county public improvement district (PID); the board of a water and sanitation district constitutes <u>ex officio</u> the board of directors of the water subdistrict.

^C Local Government - For purposes of this line on Page 1 of the DLG 70, the *local government* is the political subdivision under whose authority and within whose boundaries the *taxing entity* was created. The *local government* is authorized to levy property taxes on behalf of the *taxing entity*. For example, for the purposes of this form:

- 1. a municipality is both the *local government* and the *taxing entity* when levying its own levy for its entire jurisdiction;
- 2. a city is the *local government* when levying a tax on behalf of a business improvement district (BID) *taxing entity* which it created and whose city council is the BID board;
- 3. a fire district is the *local government* if it created a subdistrict, the *taxing entity*, on whose behalf the fire district levies property taxes.
- 4. a town is the *local government* when it provides the service for a dissolved water district and the town board serves as the board of a dissolved water district, the *taxing entity*, for the purpose of certifying a levy for the annual debt service on outstanding obligations.

^D **GROSS Assessed Value -** There will be a difference between gross assessed valuation and net assessed valuation reported by the county assessor only if there is a "tax increment financing" entity (see below), such as a downtown development authority or an urban renewal authority, within the boundaries of the *taxing entity*. The board of county commissioners certifies each *taxing entity*'s total mills upon the *taxing entity*'s Gross Assessed Value found on Line 2 of Form DLG 57.

^E Certification of Valuation by County Assessor, Form DLG 57 - The county assessor(s) uses this form (or one similar) to provide valuation for assessment information to a *taxing entity*. The county assessor must provide this certification no later than August 25th each year and may amend it, one time, prior to December 10th. Each entity must use the **FINAL** valuation provided by assessor when certifying a tax levy.

^F **TIF Area**—A downtown development authority (DDA) or urban renewal authority (URA), may form plan areas that use "tax increment financing" to derive revenue from increases in assessed valuation (gross minus net, Form DLG 57 Line 3) attributed to the activities/improvements within the plan area. The DDA or URA receives the differential revenue of each overlapping *taxing entity*'s mill levy applied against the *taxing entity*'s gross assessed value after subtracting the *taxing entity*'s revenues derived from its mill levy applied against the net assessed value.

^G **NET Assessed Value**—The total taxable assessed valuation from which the *taxing entity* will derive revenues for its uses. It is found on Line 4 of Form DLG 57. **Please Note:** A downtown development authority (DDA) may be both a *taxing entity* and have also created its own *TIF area* and/or have a URA *TIF Area* within the DDA's boundaries. As a result DDAs may both receive operating revenue from their levy applied to their certified *NET assessed value* and also receive TIF revenue generated by any *tax entity* levies overlapping the DDA's *TIF Area*, including the DDA's own operating levy.

^H General Operating Expenses (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 1)—The levy and accompanying revenue reported on Line 1 is for general operations and includes, in aggregate, all levies for and revenues raised by a *taxing entity* for purposes not lawfully exempted and detailed in Lines 3 through 7 on Page 1 of the DLG 70. For example: a fire pension levy is included in general operating expenses, unless the pension is voter-approved, if voter-approved, use Line 7 (Other).

¹ **Temporary Tax Credit for Operations (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 2)**—The Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction of 39-1-111.5, C.R.S. may be applied to the *taxing entity*'s levy for general operations to effect refunds. Temporary Tax Credits (TTCs) are not applicable to other types of levies (non-general operations) certified on this form because these levies are adjusted from year to year as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments established for the payment of any obligation incurred by the *taxing entity* per 29-1-301(1.7), C.R.S., or they are certified as authorized at election per 29-1-302(2)(b), C.R.S.

^J General Obligation Bonds and Interest (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 3)—Enter on this line the total levy required to pay the annual debt service of all general obligation bonds. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments. Title 32, Article 1 Special districts and subdistricts must complete Page 2 of the DLG 70.

^K Contractual Obligation (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 4)—If repayment of a contractual obligation with property tax has been approved at election and it is not a general obligation bond (shown on Line 3), the mill levy is entered on this line. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments.

^L Capital Expenditures (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 5)—These revenues are not subject to the statutory property tax revenue limit <u>if</u> they are approved by counties and municipalities <u>through public hearings</u> pursuant to 29-1-301(1.2) C.R.S. and for special districts <u>through approval from the Division of Local Government</u> pursuant to 29-1-302(1.5) C.R.S. or for any *taxing entity* if <u>approved at election</u>. Only levies approved by these methods should be entered on Line 5.

^M **Refunds/Abatements (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 6)**—The county assessor reports on the Certification of Valuation (DLG 57 Line 11) the amount of revenue from property tax that the *local government* did not receive in the prior year because taxpayers were given refunds for taxes they had paid or they were given abatements for taxes originally charged to them due to errors made in their property valuation. The local government was due the tax revenue and would have collected it through an adjusted mill levy if the valuation errors had not occurred. Since the government was due the revenue, it may levy, in the subsequent year, a mill to collect the refund/abatement revenue. An abatement/refund mill levy may generate revenues up to, but not exceeding, the refund/abatement amount from Form DLG 57 Line 11.

Please Note: Pursuant to Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution, if the taxing entity is in more than one county, as with all levies, the abatement levy must be uniform throughout the entity's boundaries and certified the same to each county. To calculate the abatement/refund levy for a taxing entity that is located in more than one county, first total the abatement/refund amounts reported by each county assessor, then divide by the taxing entity's total net assessed value, then multiply by 1,000 and round down to the nearest three decimals to prevent levying for more revenue than was abated/refunded. This results in an abatement/refund mill levy that will be uniformly certified to all of the counties in which the taxing entity is located even though the abatement/refund did not occur in all the counties.

^N Other (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 7)—Report other levies and revenue not subject to 29-1-301 C.R.S. that were not reported above. For example: a levy for the purposes of television relay or translator facilities as specified in sections 29-7-101, 29-7-102, and 29-7-105 and 32-1-1005 (1) (a), C.R.S.; a voter-approved fire pension levy; a levy for special purposes such as developmental disabilities, open space, etc.